PATHOLOGY

PAPER – I

PATHO/APRIL/16/32/I

Time : 3 hours Max. Marks : 100

Important instructions:

- Attempt all questions in order.
- Each question carries 10 marks.
- Read the question carefully and answer to the point neatly and legibly.
- Do not leave any blank pages between two answers.
- Indicate the question number correctly for the answer in the margin space.
- Answer all the parts of a single question together.
- Start the answer to a question on a fresh page or leave adequate space between two answers.
- Draw table/diagrams/flowcharts wherever appropriate.

Write short notes on:

| 1. | | Pathophysiology of osteoporosis. Pathphysiology of disseminated intravascular coagulation. | 5+5 |
|-----|----|---|-------|
| 2. | | What is sarcoidosis? Give its etiology and pathogenesis. Morphological changes in various organs in sarcoidosis. | 5+5 |
| 3. | | Mechanism of hematogenous spread of tumors. Telomerase activity in health and disease. | 5+5 |
| 4. | , | Antinuclear antibodies – immuno-florescence pattern and interpretations. Role of electron microscopy in diagnostic pathology. | 5+5 |
| 5. | | Graft versus host disease. Mechanism of iron absorption. | 5+5 |
| 6. | | Prenatal diagnosis - methods & utility. Methods of evaluation of HbA1 _C , its role in diagnosis and monitoring of diabetes mellitus. | 5+5 |
| 7. | | Pathogenesis of autoimmune thyroiditis. Role of trace elements in health and disease. | 5+5 |
| 8. | | Microarray technique & its applications. Role of IHC in differential diagnosis of lymphoproliferative lesions. | 5+5 |
| 9. | b) | What is an atheroma? Various risk factors and pathogenesis of atherosclerosis. Various acute coronary events and their consequences. | 2+4+4 |
| 10. | | Mechanism of apoptosis. Angioneurotic oedema. | 5+5 |
